### PRELIMINARY DRAFT

TEXAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL Special District Local Laws Code Chapter 11005 9/17/14

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| 6                                | SUBCHAPTER A. GENERAL PROVISIONS   |
| 7                                | Revised Law  |
| 8                                | Sec. 11005.001. DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:  |
| 9                                | (1) "Board" means the board of directors of the  |
| 10                               | district.  |
| 11                               | (2) "City" means the city of Muenster.   |
| 12                               | (3) "City council" means the city council of the city.   |
| 13                               | (4) "Director" means a member of the board appointed   |
| 14                               | by the city council.   |
| 15                               | (5) "District" means the Muenster Water District.  |
| 16                               | (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Secs. 1 (part), 2 (part), 4(a)   |
| 17                               | (part); New.)  |
| 18                               | Source Law   |
| 19<br>20<br>21<br>22<br>23       | Sec. 1 the "Muenster Water District" (hereinafter called "district"),  Sec. 2 the City of Muenster, in Cooke County, State of Texas (hereinafter called the "city"),   |
| 24<br>25<br>26<br>27<br>28<br>29 | Sec. 4. (a) [The district shall be governed by a Board of Directors] (hereinafter called the "board"), [composed of five members,] entitled directors, The five regular directors shall be appointed by the City Council of the City of Muenster |
| 30                               | Revisor's Note   |
| 31                               | (1) The definition of "city council" is added to   |
| 32                               | the revised law for drafting convenience and to  |
| 33                               | eliminate frequent, unnecessary repetition of the  |
| 34                               | substance of the definition.   |
| 35                               | (2) Section 4(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd  |
| 36                               | Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to "regular   |
| 37                               | directors." Throughout this chapter, the revised law   |
| 38                               | omits "regular" when used in this context because it is  |

unnecessary to distinguish between "regular" directors and other directors. It is clear from Section 4(a) that the board is governed by five directors, each of whom is appointed by the city council of the city of Muenster, and the revised law defines "director" to mean a member of the board appointed by the city council. Although Section 4(a) also provides that the mayor of the city of Muenster serves as an honorary member of the board (see the portion of Section 4(a) revised as Section 11005.101 of this chapter), the mayor is not a director because the mayor is not appointed to the board by the city council and the mayor, while serving as an honorary board member, may not vote.

### Revised Law

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Sec. 11005.002. NATURE OF DISTRICT. The district is a conservation and reclamation district created under Section 59, Article XVI, Texas Constitution. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 1 (part).)

20 Source Law

Sec. 1. By virtue of Article XVI, Section 59 of the Texas Constitution, there is hereby created a conservation and reclamation district to be known as the "Muenster Water District" . . . which shall be a governmental agency and a body politic and corporate.

### Revisor's Note

Section 1, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the district as "a governmental agency and a body politic and corporate." The revised law omits the quoted language because it duplicates a portion of Section 59(b), Article XVI, Texas Constitution, which provides that a conservation and reclamation district is a governmental agency and a body politic and corporate.

### 35 Revised Law

36 Sec. 11005.003. FINDINGS OF BENEFIT AND PUBLIC PURPOSE.

- 1 (a) All territory and taxable property in the city will benefit
- 2 from the works and improvements of the district.
- 3 (b) The accomplishment of the purposes stated in this
- 4 chapter will benefit the people of this state and improve their
- 5 property and industries.
- 6 (c) The district, in carrying out the purposes of this
- 7 chapter, will be performing an essential public function under the
- 8 constitution. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Secs. 2 (part), 22
- 9 (part).)

10 <u>Source Law</u>

Sec. 2. [The district shall contain all of the territory contained in the boundaries of the City of Muenster] . . . it being hereby found and determined that all of the territory and taxable property contained within the boundaries of said City will be benefited by the works and improvements of the district.

Sec. 22. The accomplishment of the purposes stated in this Act is for the benefit of the people of this state and for the improvement of their properties and industries, and the district, in carrying out the purposes of this Act will be performing an essential public function under the Constitution. . . .

# Revisor's Note (End of Subchapter)

Section 3, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that an election must be held to confirm the creation of the district. Section 13, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, requires that an election be held to determine if the proposed district shall be established before issuing any bonds or other obligations. The revised law omits those provisions as executed because the confirmation election has been held. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 3. The city shall call an election for the confirmation of the creation of the district in the same manner as city elections are held, pursuant to Chapter 1 of Title 22 of Vernon's Texas Statutes. The ballots shall have printed thereon "FOR THE DISTRICT" or "AGAINST THE DISTRICT". The election shall be conducted as provided for city elections in the Texas

Election Code. If a majority of the votes cast in the election favor the creation of the district, the district shall be created. If the election fails to carry, the city may re-call such election.

Sec. 13. Before issuing any bonds or other obligations an election shall be held the boundaries t to determine within of the proposed if district the proposed district shall be established; and such election and notice thereof shall be held and given in the manner provided by Chapter 54, Texas Water Code.

SUBCHAPTER B. DISTRICT TERRITORY; ANNEXATION

### 15 Revised Law

Sec. 11005.051. DISTRICT TERRITORY. (a) The boundaries of the district are coextensive with the boundaries of the city as those boundaries existed on January 1, 1973, and as the district territory may have been modified under:

- 20 (1) this subchapter or its predecessor statute, 21 Section 7, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular 22 Session, 1973;
- 23 (2) Subchapter J, Chapter 49, Water Code; or
- 24 (3) other law.

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(b) An invalidity in the fixing of the boundaries of the city as they existed on January 1, 1973, does not affect the boundaries of the district. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 2 (part); New.)

### 29 Source Law

Sec. 2. The district shall contain all of the territory contained in the boundaries of the City of Muenster, in Cooke County, State of Texas . . . as the boundaries of said city existed on January 1, 1973. It is provided, however, that no invalidity in the fixing of such boundaries shall affect the boundaries of the territory contained in this district, . . .

### Revisor's Note

For the reader's convenience, the revised law includes references to statutory authority to change the district's territory under this chapter and Subchapter J, Chapter 49, Water Code, applicable to the district under Sections 49.001 and 49.002 of that chapter. The revised law also includes a reference to

- the general authority of the legislature to enact
- other laws to change the district's territory.
- 3 Revised Law
- 4 Sec. 11005.052. ANNEXATION OF CITY TERRITORY. (a)
- 5 Territory annexed to the city after January 1, 1973, may be annexed
- 6 to the district as provided by this section.
- 7 (b) At any time after final passage of an ordinance or
- 8 resolution annexing territory to the city, the board may give
- 9 notice of a hearing on the question of annexing that territory to
- 10 the district. The notice is sufficient if it:
- 11 (1) states the date and place of the hearing; and
- 12 (2) describes the territory proposed to be annexed or
- 13 refers to the annexation ordinance or resolution of the city.
- 14 (c) At least 10 days before the date set for the hearing, the
- 15 notice must be published one time in a newspaper of general
- 16 circulation in the city.
- 17 (d) If, as a result of the hearing, the board finds that the
- 18 territory will benefit from the present or contemplated
- 19 improvements, works, or facilities of the district, the board shall
- 20 adopt a resolution annexing the territory to the district.
- (e) After the territory is annexed to the district, the
- 22 board may hold an election in the entire district to determine
- 23 whether:
- 24 (1) the entire district will assume any tax-supported
- 25 bonds then outstanding and those bonds previously voted but not yet
- 26 sold; and
- 27 (2) an ad valorem tax for the payment of the bonds will
- 28 be imposed on all taxable property in the district.
- 29 (f) An election held under Subsection (e) must be held and
- 30 notice must be given in the same manner as an election is held and
- 31 notice is given under Section 11005.254 for the issuance of bonds.
- 32 (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Secs. 7 (part), (a), (b), (c), (d).)
- 33 <u>Source Law</u>
- 34 Sec. 7. Territory annexed after January 1,

1973, to the city may be annexed to the district in the following manner, to-wit:

- (a) At any time after final passage of an ordinance or resolution annexing territory to the city, the board may issue a notice of hearing on the question of annexing said territory to the district. Such notice shall be sufficient if it states the date and place of the hearing and a description of the area proposed to be annexed, but in lieu of such description the notice may make reference to the annexation ordinance or resolution of the city.
- (b) The notice shall be published one time in a newspaper having general circulation in the city, such publication to be at least 10 days before the date set for the hearing.
- (c) If, pursuant to such hearing, the board finds that the territory proposed to be annexed will be benefited by the then present or contemplated improvements, works or facilities of the district, the board shall adopt a resolution annexing said territory to the district.
- (d) After such territory is added to the district, the board may call an election over the entire district for the purpose of determining whether the entire district as enlarged shall assume any tax supported bonds then outstanding and those theretofore voted but not yet sold and whether an ad valorem tax shall be levied upon all taxable property within the district as enlarged for the payment thereof. Such election shall be called and held and notice thereof given in the same manner as elections for the issuance of bonds as provided in this Act.

### Revisor's Note

- (1) Section 7(d), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that after territory has been annexed, the board may "call" an election that is "called and held" in the same manner as a bond election. The revised law omits "call" and "called" because, in this context, "call" or "called" is included in the meaning of holding an election. Under Chapter 3, Election Code, all elections must be ordered (called) before they may be held.
- Section 7(d), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to an election after the annexation of territory to determine whether an ad valorem tax shall be "levied" on all taxable property in the district as enlarged. The revised law substitutes "imposed" for "levied." Throughout this chapter, the revised law substitutes

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- "impose" for "assess," "levy," "collect," and similar
  terms because "impose" is the term generally used in
  Title 1, Tax Code, and includes the assessment,
  levying, and collection of a tax.
- Section 7(d), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd 5 Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, requires that an 6 7 election on the assumption of bonds by the district as enlarged and the imposition of an ad valorem tax to pay 8 the bonds be called and held and notice be given "in 9 the same manner as elections for the issuance of bonds 10 this Act." provided in For the reader's 11 as convenience, the revised law adds a reference to 12 Section 11005.254 of this chapter, because that is 13 where the provisions of the act providing for bond 14 elections are revised. 15

### 16 Revised Law

- Sec. 11005.053. ANNEXATION OF OTHER TERRITORY. (a)

  18 Territory other than territory subject to Section 11005.052 may be

  19 annexed to the district as provided by this section.
- 20 The board may annex territory or a municipality under 21 this section only if a petition requesting annexation is signed by 50 registered voters of the territory or municipality to be 22 23 annexed, or a majority of the registered voters of that territory or municipality, whichever is fewer, and is filed with the board. The 24 25 petition must describe the territory to be annexed by metes and bounds, or otherwise. If the territory is the same as that 26 contained in the boundaries of a municipality, the petition is 27 28 sufficient if it states that the territory to be annexed is the territory contained in the municipal boundaries. 29
- 30 (c) If the board finds that the petition complies with 31 Subsection (b), that the annexation would be in the best interest of 32 the territory or municipality and the district, and that the 33 district will be able to supply water to the territory or 34 municipality, the board shall:

- 1 (1) adopt a resolution stating the conditions, if any,
- 2 under which the territory or municipality may be annexed to the
- 3 district; and
- 4 (2) set a time and place to hold a hearing on the
- 5 question of whether the territory or municipality to be annexed
- 6 will benefit from:
- 7 (A) the improvements, works, or facilities owned
- 8 or operated or contemplated to be owned or operated by the district;
- 9 or
- 10 (B) the other functions of the district.
- 11 (d) At least 10 days before the date of the hearing, notice
- 12 of the adoption of the resolution stating the time and place of the
- 13 hearing must be published one time in a newspaper of general
- 14 circulation in the territory or municipality proposed to be
- 15 annexed. The notice must describe the territory in the same manner
- 16 in which Subsection (b) requires or permits the petition to
- 17 describe the territory.
- 18 (e) Any interested person may appear at the hearing and
- 19 offer evidence for or against the annexation.
- 20 (f) The hearing may proceed in the order and under the rules
- 21 prescribed by the board. The hearing may be recessed from time to
- 22 time.
- 23 (g) If, at the conclusion of the hearing, the board finds
- 24 that the property in the territory or municipality will benefit
- 25 from the present or contemplated improvements, works, or facilities
- 26 of the district, the board shall adopt a resolution making a finding
- 27 of the benefit and calling an election in the territory or
- 28 municipality to be annexed.
- 29 (h) The resolution must state:
- 30 (1) the date of the election;
- 31 (2) each place where the election will be held; and
- 32 (3) the proposition to be voted on.
- (i) At least 10 days before the date set for the election,
- 34 notice of the election must be given by publishing a substantial

- 1 copy of the resolution calling the election one time in a newspaper
- 2 of general circulation in the territory proposed to be annexed.
- 3 (j) In calling an election on the proposition for annexation
- 4 of the territory or municipality, the board may include, as part of
- 5 the same proposition or as a separate proposition, a proposition
- 6 for:
- 7 (1) the territory to assume its part of the
- 8 tax-supported bonds of the district then outstanding and those
- 9 bonds previously voted but not yet sold; and
- 10 (2) an ad valorem tax to be imposed on taxable property
- 11 in the territory along with the tax in the rest of the district for
- 12 the payment of the bonds.
- 13 (k) If a majority of the votes cast at the election are in
- 14 favor of annexation, the board by resolution shall annex the
- 15 territory to the district.
- 16 (1) An annexation under this section is incontestable
- 17 except in the manner and within the time for contesting elections
- 18 under the Election Code. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 7(e)
- 19 (part).)

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### 20 Source Law

(e) Other territory may be annexed to the District in the following manner:

- (1)A petition praying for such annexation signed by fifty (50) or a majority, whichever number is smaller, of the resident, qualified voters of the territory or of duly incorporated cities or towns, sought to be annexed shall be filed with the board. petition shall describe the territory annexed by metes and bounds, or otherwise, unless such territory is the same as that contained within the boundaries of such city or town, in which event it shall be sufficient to state that the territory to be which contained is that is boundaries of such city or town.
- (2) If the board finds that the petition complies with, and is signed by the number of qualified persons required by the foregoing subsection, that the annexation would be to the best interest of the territory, city or town, and the district, and that the district will be able to supply water, or cause water to be supplied to the territory, city or town, it shall adopt a resolution stating the conditions, if any, under which such territory, city or town, may be annexed to the district, and shall fix a time and place when and where a hearing shall be held by the board on the question of whether the territory, city or town, sought to be annexed will be benefited by the

improvements, works, and facilities then owned or operated or contemplated to be owned or operated by the district or by the other functions of the district. Notice of the adoption of such resolution stating the time and place of such hearing shall be published one (1) time in a newspaper of general circulation in the territory, city or town, sought to be annexed at least ten (10) days prior to the date of such hearing. The notice shall describe the territory in the same manner in which it is required or permitted by this Act to be described in the petition. All persons interested may appear at such hearing and offer evidence for or against the proposed annexation. Such hearing may proceed in such order and under such rules as may be prescribed by the board, and the hearing may be recessed from time to time. If, at the conclusion of the hearing, the board finds that the property in such territory, city or town, will be benefited by the present or contemplated improvements, works or facilities of the district, the board shall adopt a resolution making a finding of such benefit and calling an election in the territory, city or town, proposed to be annexed stating therein the date of the election, the place or places of holding the same, the proposition to be voted on and . . .

Notice of such election shall be given by

Notice of such election shall be given by publishing a substantial copy of the resolution calling the election one (1) time in a newspaper of general circulation in the territory sought to be annexed to the district at least ten (10) days before the date set for the election. . . If . . . a majority of the votes cast are in favor of annexation the board shall by resolution annex said territory to the district, and such annexation shall thereafter be incontestable except in the manner and within the time for contesting elections under the General Election Code.

(3) The board, in calling an election on the proposition for annexation of territory, city or town, may include as a part of the same proposition, or a separate proposition for the assumption of its part of the tax supported bonds of the district then outstanding and those theretofore voted but not yet sold, and for the levy of an ad valorem tax on taxable property in said territory along with the tax in the rest of the district for the payment thereof . . .

### Revisor's Note

- (1) Section 7(e)(1), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to "resident, qualified voters" of the territory or municipality proposed to be annexed. The revised law substitutes "registered voters" for the quoted language because in the context of eligibility to sign a petition, Section 277.0021, Election Code, provides that "qualified voter" means a "registered voter."
- (2) Section 7, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to a "city"

- or "town" and to "duly incorporated cities or towns."

  The revised law substitutes "municipality" for "city"

  or "town" because the terms are synonymous and

  "municipality" is the term used in the Local

  Government Code. The revised law omits "duly

  incorporated" because, under the Local Government

  Code, all municipalities must be incorporated.
- (3) Section 7(e)(2), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to a finding by the board that the district will be able to "supply water, or cause water to be supplied." The revised law omits the reference to "cause water to be supplied" because it is included in the meaning of "supply water."
- (4) Section 7(e)(2), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the board shall "fix a time and place" for a hearing on the question of annexation. The revised law substitutes "set" for "fix" because the terms are synonymous in this context and "set" is more commonly used.
- (5) Section 7(e)(2), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, requires notice by publication to describe the territory to be annexed in the same manner in which it is "required or permitted by this Act" to be described in the petition. The provisions for describing the territory in the petition are revised in Subsection (b) of this section. The revised law is drafted accordingly.
- (6) Section 7(e)(2), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, requires the board to adopt a resolution regarding the appointment of judges and clerks for each voting place. The revised law omits the provision as superseded by the

1985 enactment of the Election Code, applicable to the district under Section 1.002, Election Code. Chapter 32, Election Code, governs the selection of election judges and clerks. The omitted law reads:

(2) . . . [the board shall adopt a resolution] . . . appointing a presiding judge for each voting place who shall appoint the necessary assistant judges and clerks to assist in holding the election.

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- Section 7(e)(2), Chapter 619, Acts of the (7)63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, restricts certain voting to "constitutionally qualified electors who reside in the territory, city or town, sought to be annexed." Similarly, Section 7(e)(3) of that chapter restricts certain voting to "constitutionally qualified electors." Throughout this chapter, the revised law omits such provisions as unnecessary because Chapter 11, Election Code, governs eligibility to vote in an election in this state and allows only "qualified voters" who are residents of the territory covered by the election to vote in an election. In addition, as a general principle of law, all state statutes, including the Election Code, must be consistent with the constitution. The omitted law reads:
  - (2) ... Only constitutionally qualified electors who reside in the territory, city or town, sought to be annexed shall be qualified to vote in said election. . . . (3) . . . in which event the voting shall be restricted to constitutionally qualified electors.
- (8) Section 7(e)(2), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, states that the board shall receive and canvass the election returns and adopt an order declaring the results. The revised law omits this provision as superseded by the

| 1                           | 1985 enactment of the Election Code, applicable to the  |
|-----------------------------|---|
| 2                           | district under Section 1.002, Election Code. Chapter  |
| 3                           | 67, Election Code, provides for the canvass of  |
| 4                           | elections. The omitted law reads:   |
| 5<br>6<br>7<br>8<br>9<br>10 | (2) Returns of the result of said election shall be made to the board. The board shall canvass the returns of the election and adopt an order declaring the results thereof. [If] such order shows that         |
| 11                          | Revised Law   |
| 12                          | Sec. 11005.054. DETACHMENT OF DISTRICT TERRITORY AFTER  |
| 13                          | ISSUANCE OF BONDS. Territory may not be detached from the district  |
| 14                          | after the issuance of bonds payable from revenue or taxes, or both  |
| 15                          | revenue and taxes. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 17(a)   |
| 16                          | (part).)  |
| 17                          | Source Law  |
| 18<br>19<br>20              | (a) No territory shall be detached from<br>the district after the issuance of bonds which are<br>payable from revenues or taxes or both   |
| 21                          | SUBCHAPTER C. BOARD OF DIRECTORS  |
| 22                          | Revised Law   |
| 23                          | Sec. 11005.101. COMPOSITION OF BOARD; TERMS. (a) The  |
| 24                          | district is governed by a board of five directors appointed by the  |
| 25                          | city council. The directors occupy numbered places on the board.  |
| 26                          | (b) Directors serve staggered two-year terms, with the  |
| 27                          | terms of the directors occupying Places 1, 2, and 3 expiring at   |
| 28                          | midnight on March 1 of each odd-numbered year and the terms of the  |
| 29                          | directors occupying Places 4 and 5 expiring at midnight on March 1  |
| 30                          | of each even-numbered year.   |
| 31                          | (c) The mayor of the city serves, ex officio, as an honorary  |
| 32                          | board member. The mayor may attend all board meetings and   |
| 33                          | participate in all board proceedings except that the mayor may not  |
| 34                          | vote. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 4(a) (part).)  |
| 35                          | Source Law  |
| 36<br>37<br>38<br>39        | Sec. 4. (a) The district shall be governed by a Board of Directors [(hereinafter called the "board"),] composed of five members, [entitled directors,] who shall occupy places on the board to be designated as |

Places 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, respectively. [Three initial directors shall be appointed to occupy Places 1, 2, and 3 and to hold office for terms expiring at 12:00 a.m. on March 1, 1975, and two initial directors shall be appointed to occupy Places 4 and 5, and to hold office for terms expiring at 12:00 a.m. on March 1, 1974.] The Mayor of the City of Muenster shall, ex officio, serve as an honorary member entitled to attend all meetings of the board and participate in all proceedings of the board, except that he or she shall not have a vote. The five regular directors shall be appointed by the City Council of the City of Muenster. Each regular director appointed to succeed an initial regular director shall be appointed to hold office for a term of two years, commencing at 12:00 a.m. on March 1 of the applicable year; . . .

### Revisor's Note

Section 4(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the initial directors and their terms of office. The revised law omits those provisions as executed. The omitted law reads:

(a) . . . Three initial directors shall be appointed to occupy Places 1, 2, and 3 and to hold office for terms expiring at 12:00 a. m. on March 1, 1975, and two initial directors shall be appointed to occupy Places 4 and 5, and to hold office for terms expiring at 12:00 a. m. on March 1, 1974. . . .

### Revised Law

Sec. 11005.102. COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS. (a) A director may not receive any remuneration or emolument of office, but the director is entitled to reimbursement for the actual expenses incurred in performing the director's duties, to the extent authorized and permitted by the board.

- 37 (b) In all areas of conflict with Subsection (a) of this 38 section, Section 49.060, Water Code, takes precedence.
- (c) Α director's compensation may bе increased as authorized by Section 49.060, Water Code, by resolution adopted by the board in accordance with Subsection (e) of that section on or after September 1, 1995. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 5(a); New.)

### 44 Source Law

Sec. 5. (a) The directors shall not receive any remuneration or emolument of office, but they

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shall be entitled to reimbursement for their actual expenses incurred in performing their duties, to the extent authorized and permitted by the board.

### Revisor's Note

Section 5(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that "directors shall not receive any remuneration office, emolument of but they are entitled to reimbursement for their actual expenses incurred in performing their duties, to the extent authorized and permitted by the board." Section 49.060, Water Code, enacted in 1995 and applicable by its own terms to the district, provides for a director's fees of office, computed on a rate per day of certain service, and Subsection (a-1) of that section, enacted in 2003, requires the board of each district to adopt resolution limiting a director's total annual fees of office. Section 49.060(e) provides that, in all areas of conflict, Section 49.060 takes precedence over all prior statutory enactments and that, if the enactment of that section would result in a fee increase, the increase does not apply to a district unless the board by resolution authorizes payment of the higher fees. It is unclear to what extent the quoted language may be in conflict with Section 49.060. To preserve the ambiguity, the revised law includes the substance of the quoted language and adds provisions necessary to preserve the effect of Section 49.060 to the extent of a conflict with that language.

### 30 Revised Law

- 31 Sec. 11005.103. QUALIFICATIONS FOR OFFICE. (a) To be 32 eligible to be appointed or to serve as a director, a person:
- 33 (1) must be a resident, qualified voter of the 34 district;
- 35 (2) must not hold any other public office; and

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- 1 (3) must not be an officer or employee of the city.
- 2 (b) A director is eligible for reappointment. (Acts 63rd
- 3 Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Secs. 4(a) (part), (b).)

## 4 Source Law

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- 5 (a) . . . Each director shall be eligible for reappointment. . .
- 7 (b) To be eligible to be appointed or serve as a regular director, a person must be a resident, 9 qualified elector of the State of Texas and of the district; and not hold any other public office or be an officer or employee of the city.

### Revisor's Note

- (1) Section 4(b), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd
  Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to an
  "elector" of the district. Throughout this chapter,
  the revised law substitutes "voter" for "elector"
  because the terms are synonymous and "voter" is the
  term used in the Election Code.
- Section 4(b), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd 19 (2)20 Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, requires director to be a qualified elector (or "voter" under 21 22 the terminology of the Election Code (see Revisor's Note (1) to this section)) of the State of Texas and of 23 the district. The revised law omits the reference to 24 the State of Texas because a qualified voter of the 25 district is necessarily a qualified voter of the 26 27 state.

### 28 Revised Law

- Sec. 11005.104. VACANCIES. Any vacancy occurring on the board shall be filled for the unexpired term by appointment in the manner in which the vacating director was appointed. (Acts 63rd
- 32 Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 4(a) (part).)

## 33 Source Law

(a) . . . Any vacancy occurring on the board through death, resignation, or otherwise, shall be filled by appointment in the manner in which the vacating director was appointed, to hold office until the expiration of the term for which the vacating director had been appointed.

| 1                          | Revisor's Note  |
|----------------------------|---|
| 2                          | Section 4(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd   |
| 3                          | Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to a   |
| 4                          | vacancy occurring on the board "through death,  |
| 5                          | resignation, or otherwise." The revised law omits the   |
| 6                          | quoted language because it describes every manner in  |
| 7                          | which a vacancy may occur without limiting in any way   |
| 8                          | the city council's duty to fill a vacancy.  |
| 9                          | Revised Law   |
| 10                         | Sec. 11005.105. REMOVAL FROM OFFICE. (a) After reasonable   |
| 11                         | notice and a public hearing, the board may remove a director from   |
| 12                         | office for misfeasance, malfeasance, or wilful neglect of duty.   |
| 13                         | (b) Reasonable notice and a public hearing are not required   |
| 14                         | if the notice and hearing are expressly waived in writing. (Acts  |
| 15                         | 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 4(c).)   |
| 16                         | Source Law  |
| 17<br>18<br>19<br>20<br>21 | (c) Any director may be removed from office by<br>the board for misfeasance, malfeasance, or willful<br>neglect of duty, but only after reasonable notice and<br>public hearing, unless the notice and public hearing<br>are expressly waived in writing. |
| 22                         | Revised Law   |
| 23                         | Sec. 11005.106. BOARD RESOLUTIONS; QUORUM; VOTING   |
| 24                         | REQUIREMENTS. (a) The district shall act through resolutions  |
| 25                         | adopted by the board.   |
| 26                         | (b) Three directors constitute a quorum.  |
| 27                         | (c) Each director has a vote.   |
| 28                         | (d) The affirmative vote of at least three directors is   |
| 29                         | necessary to adopt any resolution. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619,  |
| 30                         | Sec. 5(c).)   |

# 31 Source Law

(c) Any three regular directors appointed shall constitute a quorum, and all regular directors shall have a vote. The district shall act and proceed by and through resolutions adopted by the board, and the affirmative vote of at least three of the directors shall be necessary to adopt any resolution.

#### 1 Revised Law The board 2 Sec. 11005.107. OFFICERS AND ASSISTANTS. (a) 3 shall elect a president, vice president, secretary, and treasurer at the first meeting of the board in March of each year or at any 4 time necessary to fill a vacancy. 5 6 (b) The board shall elect the president and vice president 7 from among the directors. 8 (c) The president shall serve for a term of one year. 9 (d) The offices of secretary and treasurer: 10 (1)may be held by one person; and are not required to be held by a director. 11 (2)The board may appoint as assistant board secretary one 12 13 or more persons who are not directors. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Secs. 5(b) (part), (d) (part).) 14 15 Source Law 16 (b) The board shall elect one of the directors 17 as president of the board, who shall serve for a term of one year, and . . . The board shall elect another of the directors as vice-president of the board, 18 The board shall elect another 19 The board shall elect a secretary of the 20 21 board, . . . and shall elect a treasurer of the board, 22 The offices of secretary and treasurer may be held by one person, and the holder or holders of such office or offices need not be a director. The board 23 24 may appoint one or more persons who are not directors 25 26 to be an assistant secretary of the board, . (d) . . . Thereafter, said officers of the board shall be elected annually at the first meeting of 27 28 the board in March of each year, or at any time 29 necessary to fill a vacancy. 30 31 Revisor's Note 32

Section 5(d), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides for the initial election of board officers. The revised law omits that provision as executed. The omitted law reads:

(d) The president, vice-president, the secretary, and the treasurer of the board shall be elected initially at the first meeting of the board after all directors shall have been appointed, taken the oath required by Article XVI, Section 1, of the Texas Constitution, and otherwise qualified for office. . . .

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### 1 Revised Law

- Sec. 11005.108. DUTIES OF OFFICERS AND ASSISTANTS. (a) The board president shall preside at board meetings and perform other duties prescribed by the board.
- 5 (b) The board secretary is the official custodian of the 6 minutes, books, records, and seal of the board and shall perform 7 other duties and functions prescribed by the board. An assistant 8 board secretary may perform any duty or function of the board 9 secretary.
- 10 (c) The board treasurer shall perform duties and functions
  11 prescribed by the board. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 5(b)
  12 (part).)

13 <u>Source Law</u>

 (b) [The board shall elect one of the directors as president of the board,] . . . who shall preside at meetings of the board, and perform such other duties as are prescribed by the board. . . [The board shall elect a secretary of the board,] who shall be the official custodian of the minutes, books, records, and seal of the board, and who shall perform such other duties and functions as are prescribed by the board; [and shall elect a treasurer of the board,] who shall perform such duties and functions as are prescribed by the board. . . . [The board may appoint . . . an assistant secretary of the board,] who may perform any duty or function of the secretary of the board.

### Revisor's Note

Section 5(b), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides the duties of the board vice president. The revised law omits the provision because it duplicates Section 49.054(c), Water Code. Throughout this chapter, the revised law omits law that is superseded by Chapter 49, Water Code, or that duplicates law contained in that chapter. Chapter 49, Water Code, applies to the district under Sections 49.001 and 49.002, Water Code. The omitted law reads:

(b) . . . [The board shall elect another of the directors as vice-president of the board,] who shall perform the duties of the president when the president is not

of the president when the president is not present or is otherwise

| 1                                      | incapacitated  |
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| 2                                      | Revised Law  |
| 3                                      | Sec. 11005.109. MEETINGS. The board shall have regular   |
| 4                                      | meetings at times specified by board resolution and shall have   |
| 5                                      | special meetings when called by the board president or by any three  |
| 6                                      | directors. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 5(e).)   |
| 7                                      | Source Law   |
| 8<br>9<br>10<br>11<br>12               | (e) The board shall have regular meetings at<br>times specified by resolution of the board, and shall<br>have special meetings whenever called by the<br>president, or whenever called by any three of the<br>directors.   |
| 13                                     | Revised Law  |
| 14                                     | Sec. 11005.110. PERSONAL LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS. A   |
| 15                                     | director is not personally liable for any bond issued or contract  |
| 16                                     | executed by the district. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec.   |
| 17                                     | 5(f).)   |
| 18                                     | Source Law   |
| 19<br>20<br>21                         | (f) No director shall be liable personally for<br>any bonds issued, or contracts executed, by the<br>district.   |
| 22<br>23                               | Revisor's Note<br>(End of Subchapter)  |
| 24                                     | Section 4(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd  |
| 25                                     | Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that a  |
| 26                                     | director holds over in office until the director's   |
| 27                                     | successor has been appointed and has qualified. The  |
| 28                                     | revised law omits the provision because it duplicates  |
| 29                                     | in substance Section 17, Article XVI, Texas  |
| 30                                     | Constitution, which provides that an officer in this   |
| 31                                     | state continues to perform the officer's official  |
| 32                                     | duties until a successor has qualified. The omitted  |
| 33                                     | law reads:   |
| 34<br>35<br>36<br>37<br>38<br>39<br>40 | (a) provided that a director<br>shall hold over in office past the<br>expiration of his term until his successor<br>shall have been appointed and has<br>qualified, in the event such appointment<br>and qualification shall not have occurred<br>by the expiration of such term |

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### SUBCHAPTER D. POWERS AND DUTIES

### 2 Revised Law

- 3 Sec. 11005.151. DISTRICT POWERS. The district may exercise
- 4 any power necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this
- 5 chapter, including the power to:
- 6 (1) sue and be sued, and plead and be impleaded, in its
- 7 own name;

- 8 (2) adopt an official seal;
- 9 (3) adopt and enforce bylaws and rules for the conduct
- 10 of its affairs;
- 11 (4) acquire, hold, use, and dispose of its receipts
- 12 and money from any source;
- 13 (5) select a depository or depositories;
- 14 (6) acquire, own, rent, lease, accept, hold, or
- 15 dispose of property, or an interest in property, including a right
- 16 or easement, by purchase, exchange, gift, assignment,
- 17 condemnation, sale, lease, or otherwise, in performing district
- 18 duties or exercising district powers under this chapter;
- 19 (7) hold, manage, operate, or improve property;
- 20 (8) lease or rent any land, building, structure, or
- 21 facility from or to any person;
- 22 (9) sell, assign, lease, encumber, mortgage, or
- 23 otherwise dispose of property, or an interest in property, and
- 24 release or relinquish a right, title, claim, lien, interest,
- 25 easement, or demand, regardless of the manner in which acquired,
- 26 and conduct a transaction authorized by this subdivision by public
- 27 or private sale, with or without public bidding;
- 28 (10) issue bonds, provide for and secure the payment
- 29 of the bonds, and provide for the rights of the holders of the bonds
- 30 in the manner and to the extent authorized by this chapter;
- 31 (11) request and accept any appropriation, grant,
- 32 allocation, subsidy, guaranty, aid, service, material, or gift from
- 33 any source, including the federal government, the state, a public
- 34 agency, or a political subdivision;

- (12)operate and maintain an office;
- 2 (13)appoint and determine the duties, tenure,
- 3 qualifications, and compensation of officers, employees, agents,
- 4 professional advisors, and counselors considered necessary or
- 5 board, advisable bу the including financial consultants,
- 6 accountants, attorneys, architects, engineers, appraisers, and
- 7 financing experts; and

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- 8 (14) exercise any power granted by Chapter 30, Water
- 9 Code, to districts created under Section 59, Article XVI, Texas
- 10 Constitution. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 6 (part).)

#### 11 Source Law

- Sec. 6. The district is hereby granted, has, and may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate to carry out, achieve, or effectuate the purposes of this Act, including, without limitation, the following powers:
- (a) То sue and be sued, and plead and be
- impleaded, in its own name.

  (b) To adopt an official seal and alter same when deemed advisable; to adopt and enforce by-laws, and rules and regulations, for the conduct of its affairs, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.
- (c) To acquire, hold, use, and dispose of its revenues, income, receipts, funds, and monies from every source, and to select its depository depositories.
- (d) To acquire, own, rent, lease, accept, hold, or dispose of any real, personal, or mixed property, or any interest therein, in performing its duties and exercising its powers under this Act, by purchase, exchange, gift, assignment, condemnation, sale, lease, or otherwise, including rights or easements, to hold, manage, operate, or improve real, personal, or mixed property.
- (e) To sell, assign, lease, encumber, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of any real, personal, or mixed property, or any interest therein, and release or relinquish any right, title, claim, lien, interest, easement or demand however acquired, and to do any of the foregoing by public or private sale, with or without public bidding, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law; and to lease or rent any lands, buildings, structures or facilities from or to any person, firm, corporation, city, or other public agency or political subdivision to effectuate the purposes of this Act.
- (f) To request and to accept any appropriations, allocations, subsidies, guaranties, aid, contributions, services, labor, materials, gifts, or donations from the federal government, the state, any city, public agency, political subdivision, or any other sources.
- (g) To operate and maintain an office, and to duties, tenure, appoint, and determine the qualifications, and compensation of such officers,

employees, agents, and professional advisors, and counsellors, including, without limitation, financial consultants, accountants, attorneys, architects, engineers, appraisers, and financing experts, as are deemed necessary or advisable by the board.

(h) To issue its bonds, to provide for and secure the payment thereof, and to provide for the rights of the holders thereof, in the manner and to the

extent permitted by this Act.

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To exercise all powers granted by Chapter 25 of the Texas Water Code to Water Districts created under Article XVI, Section 59, of the Constitution.

### Revisor's Note

- (1)Section 6, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the district's "carry out, power to achieve, or effectuate" certain purposes. The revised law omits "carry out" and "effectuate" because those terms are included in the meaning of "achieve."
- Section 6, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Session, 1973, Legislature, Regular grants the district certain powers "including, limitation," the enumerated powers. That section also refers to persons the district may hire "including, without limitation," certain consultants and advisors named in the section. The revised law omits "without limitation" because Section 311.005(13), Government Code (Code Construction Act), provides that "including" is a term of enlargement and not of limitation and does not create a presumption that components not expressed are excluded.
- (3) Section 6(b), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, authorizes the district to adopt an official seal and to "alter same when deemed advisable." The revised law omits the quoted language because the authority to adopt a seal includes the authority to alter it.
- Section 6(b), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, states that the

- district may adopt and enforce bylaws and "rules and regulations" for the conduct of its affairs "not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act." The revised law omits "regulations" because Section 311.005(5), Government Code (Code Construction Act), defines "rule" to include "regulation." The revised law omits "not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act" as unnecessary because as a general principle of law, the district has the authority to take only those actions that are consistent with the law revised in this chapter.
- (5) Section 6(c), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the district's power regarding its "revenues, income, . . . funds, and monies." The revised law omits "revenues," "income," and "funds" because the meaning of those terms is included in the meaning of "money." Throughout this chapter, the revised law substitutes "money" for "monies" and "funds" (except where a specific type of fund is indicated) because, in context, the meaning is the same and "money" is the more commonly used term.
- (6) Sections 6(d) and (e), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refer to "real, personal, or mixed property." The revised law omits references to "real," "personal," and "mixed" property because under Section 311.005(4), Government Code (Code Construction Act), "property" includes real and personal and, by extension, mixed property.
- (7) Section 6(e), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the district may conduct certain property transactions by public or private sale, with or without public bidding, "notwithstanding the provisions of any other

law," meaning that provision of Section 6(e) prevails as an exception to a conflicting general law. The revised law omits the quoted language because, under general rules of statutory construction, a statute automatically has the effect of superseding prior conflicting enactments and is ineffective to supersede subsequent legislation. Furthermore, Section 311.026, Government Code (Code Construction Act), provides that if there is a conflict between a general provision of law and a special provision, the special provision prevails unless the general provision is the later enactment and the manifest intent is that the general provision prevail.

- (8) Section 6(e), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to any "person, firm, corporation, city, or other public agency or political subdivision." Throughout this chapter, the revised law substitutes "person" for the quoted language or similar language because Section 311.005(2), Government Code (Code Construction Act), defines "person" to include any legal entity.
- (9) Section 6(f), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the district may request and accept "appropriations, grants, allocations, subsidies, guaranties, aid, contributions, services, labor, materials, gifts, or donations" from any source, including "any city . . . [or] political subdivision." The revised law omits "contributions," "labor," and "donations" because the meaning of those terms is included in the meaning of "aid," "services," or "gifts." The revised law also omits the reference to "city" because "city" is included in the meaning of "political subdivision."
  - (10) Section 6(i), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd

Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, authorizes the 1 district to fix and "revise from time to time" certain fees for those who use district facilities or services and to charge and collect those fees. The revised law omits the reference to fixing, charging, collecting fees because it duplicates, in substance, Section 49.212, Water Code. The revised law also omits the reference to revising the fees from time to time because the power to set the fees includes the power to revise them from time to time. The omitted law reads: 10

> Sec. 6. [The district is granted, has, and may exercise all powers necessary or appropriate . . . :]

14 15 To fix and revise from time to 16 time and charge and collect rates, fees, and charges for its facilities and services. 17

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Section 6(j), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd (11)Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to "Chapter 25 of the Texas Water Code." That chapter was revised in 1977 as Chapter 30, Water Code. The revised law is drafted accordingly.

### Revised Law

25 Sec. 11005.152. PERMITS. (a) The district may obtain 26 through appropriate proceedings an appropriation permit or a diversion permit from the Texas Commission on Environmental 2.7 28 Quality.

29 The district may acquire a water appropriation permit 30 from a permit owner by contract or otherwise. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 8 (part).) 31

#### 32 Source Law

33 The district is empowered to obtain through appropriate proceedings appropriation permits 34 35 and diversion permits from the Texas Water Rights The district is authorized to acquire 36 Commission. 37 water appropriation permits from owners of permits 38 through contracting or otherwise. .

#### 39 Revisor's Note

Section 8, Chapter 619, Acts of 40 the 63rd 1 Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the "Texas Water Rights Commission." The revised law 2 Commission on 3 substitutes "Texas Environmental 4 Quality" for "Texas Water Rights Commission" 5 reflect the current name of the agency with the 6

relevant regulatory authority.

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### Revised Law

GENERAL AUTHORITY OF PUBLIC AGENCIES AND 8 Sec. 11005.153. POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS TO CONTRACT WITH DISTRICT. A public agency 9 10 or political subdivision of this state, including the city, may 11 enter into a contract or agreement with the district, on terms agreed to by the parties, for any purpose relating to the district's 12 13 powers or functions, including a contract or agreement for a water supply. Approval, notice, consent, or an election is not required 14 in connection with the contract or agreement. (Acts 63rd Leg., 15 R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 9(b) (part).) 16

### Source Law

public political All agencies and of of Texas, subdivisions the State including specifically the City of Muenster, is authorized to enter into contracts and agreements with the district for a water supply, or for any purpose relating to the district's powers or functions, upon such terms and conditions as the parties may agree... approval, notice or consent whatsoever, any nor election, shall be required in connection with any such contract, agreement, or .

### Revisor's Note

29 Section 9(b), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd 30 Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to certain 31 "terms and conditions." Throughout this chapter, the revised law omits the reference to "conditions" 32 because "conditions" is included in the meaning of 33 "terms." 34

### Revised Law

DISTRICT AUTHORITY TO CONTRACT TO SUPPLY 36 Sec. 11005.154. 37 WATER. (a) The district may contract with municipalities and 38 others, including the city, to supply water to them. The district

- 1 may sell water inside or outside the boundaries of the district.
- 2 (b) The district may contract with a public agency or
- 3 political subdivision for the rental or leasing of or for the
- 4 operation of the water production, water supply, water filtration
- 5 or purification, and water supply facilities of the entity on the
- 6 consideration agreed to by the district and the entity.
- 7 (c) A contract under Subsection (a) or (b) may:
- 8 (1) be on terms and for the time agreed to by the
- 9 parties; and
- 10 (2) provide that it will continue in effect until
- 11 bonds specified in it and refunding bonds issued in lieu of the
- 12 bonds are paid.

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- 13 (d) The district may contract with the city for the
- 14 operation of the district's water facilities by the city. An
- 15 election is not required in connection with the contract. (Acts
- 16 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Secs. 9(a) (part), 19.)

### 17 Source Law

Sec. 9. (a) . . . The district is empowered to sell water within and without the boundaries of the district and . . .

Sec. 19. (a) The district is authorized to enter into contracts with cities and others, including specifically the City of Muenster, for supplying water to them. The district is also authorized to contract with any city, public agency, or political subdivision for the rental or leasing of, or for the operation of the water production, water supply, water filtration or purification, water supply facilities of such entity upon such consideration as the district and such entity may agree. Any such contract may be upon such terms and for such time as the parties may agree, and it may provide that it shall continue in effect until bonds specified therein and refunding bonds issued in lieu of such bonds are paid. The district is further authorized to contract with the city for the operation of the district's water facilities by the city. No election shall be required in connection with any such contract.

### Revisor's Note

Section 19, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, states that the district may contract with any "city, public agency, or political subdivision" for certain district

- 1 purposes. The revised law omits the reference to a
- 2 "city" because "city" is included in the meaning of
- 3 "political subdivision."

### 4 Revised Law

- 5 Sec. 11005.155. SOURCES FOR WATER; ACQUISITION OF LAND;
- 6 STORAGE CAPACITY. (a) The district may acquire or construct,
- 7 inside or outside the district, a reservoir or any work, plant,
- 8 transmission line, or other facility necessary or useful to divert,
- 9 impound, store, treat, or transport to the city and others water for
- 10 municipal, domestic, industrial, mining, oil flooding, or any other
- 11 useful purpose.
- 12 (b) The district may develop or otherwise acquire
- 13 underground sources of water.
- 14 (c) The district may acquire land, or an interest in land,
- 15 inside or outside the district, for any work, plant, or other
- 16 facility necessary or useful to divert, impound, store, treat, or
- 17 transport to the city and others water for municipal, domestic,
- 18 industrial, mining, oil flooding, or any other useful purpose.
- 19 (d) The district may lease, purchase, or otherwise acquire
- 20 rights in and to storage and storage capacity in any reservoir
- 21 constructed or to be constructed by any person or from the United
- 22 States. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Secs. 8 (part), 9(a)
- 23 (part), 10 (part).)

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### 24 Source Law

- Sec. 8. . . . The district is hereby empowered to lease, purchase, or otherwise acquire rights in and to storage and storage capacity in any reservoir constructed or to be constructed by any person, firm, corporation, public agency, political subdivision, the state, or from the United States or any of its agencies.
- Sec. 9. (a) . . . The district is authorized to acquire or construct within or without the boundaries of the district a reservoir or reservoirs and all works, plants, transmission lines and other facilities necessary or useful for the purpose of diverting, storing, impounding, treating, city and the transporting water to others for municipal, domestic, industrial, mining, oil flooding, or any other useful purposes. The district . . . is further empowered and authorized to develop or otherwise acquire underground sources of water.

Sec. 10. The district is empowered to acquire land, or any interest therein, within or without the boundaries of the district for all works, plants, and other facilities necessary or useful for the purpose diverting, impounding, storing, treating, the city and others transporting water to for domestic, industrial, municipal, mining, flooding, and all other useful purposes.

### Revisor's Note

Section 8, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the United States "or any of its agencies." The revised quoted language law omits the because Section 311.005(9), Government Code (Code Construction Act), defines the United States to include its agencies.

### 16 Revised Law

- Sec. 11005.156. CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS. (a) The district may award a construction contract that requires an expenditure of more than \$5,000 only after publication of notice to bidders once each week for two weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the district.
- 22 (b) The notice is sufficient if it states:
- 23 (1) the time and place for opening the bids;
- 24 (2) the general nature of the work to be done or the
- 25 material, equipment, or supplies to be purchased; and
- 26 (3) where the terms of bidding and copies of the plans
- 27 and specifications may be obtained. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619,
- 28 Sec. 12.)

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### 29 Source Law

30 Sec. 12. Any construction contract requiring an 31 expenditure of more than \$5,000 shall be made after 32 publication of a notice to bidders once each week for 33 two weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the 34 district, before awarding the contract. Such notice 35 shall be sufficient if it states the time and place when and where the bids will be opened, the general nature of the work to be done, or the material, 36 37 38 equipment or supplies to be purchased, and states 39 where the terms and conditions of bidding and copies of 40 the plans and specifications may be obtained.

### Revised Law

Sec. 11005.157. CONVEYANCE OF LAND TO DISTRICT. A public agency or political subdivision of this state, including the city,

- 1 may lease, sell, or otherwise convey its land or an interest in its
- 2 land to the district for consideration that the parties agree is
- 3 adequate. Approval, notice, consent, or an election is not
- 4 required in connection with the conveyance. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S.,
- 5 Ch. 619, Sec. 9(b) (part).)

### 6 Source Law

public 7 agencies political (b) All and of Texas, 8 subdivisions the State of including specifically the City of Muenster, . . . Also, each such entity, including specifically the City of 9 10 Muenster, is authorized to lease, sell, or otherwise 11 convey any of its land or any interest therein to the district for such consideration as is agreed upon 12 13 14 between the parties to be adequate. No approval, 15 notice or consent whatsoever, nor any election, shall 16 required in connection with be any such 17 conveyance.

### 18 Revised Law

Sec. 11005.158. SURPLUS PROPERTY. Subject to the terms of a resolution or deed of trust authorizing or securing bonds issued by the district, the district may sell, lease, rent, trade, or otherwise dispose of property that the board considers is not needed for a district purpose. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec.

24 10 (part).)

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# 25 <u>Source Law</u>

Sec. 10. . . . Subject to the terms of any resolution or deed of trust authorizing or securing bonds issued by the district, the district may sell, lease, rent, trade, or otherwise dispose of any real or personal property deemed by the board not to be needed for district purposes.

### 32 Revisor's Note

Section 10, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd
Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to "real or
personal property." The revised law omits the
references to "real" and "personal" property for the
reason stated in Revisor's Note (6) to Section
11005.151.

### 39 Revised Law

Sec. 11005.159. EMINENT DOMAIN. (a) To carry out a power 41 conferred by this chapter, the district may exercise the power of

- 1 eminent domain to acquire the fee simple title to land, or any other
- 2 interest in land, and other property and easements, inside or
- 3 outside the district, including land or an interest in land needed
- 4 for a reservoir, dam, or flood easement above the probable
- 5 high-water line around a reservoir.
- 6 (b) The district must exercise the power of eminent domain
- 7 in the manner provided by Chapter 21, Property Code.
- 8 (c) The district is a municipal corporation for the purposes
- 9 of Chapter 21, Property Code.

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- 10 (d) The board shall determine the amount and the type of
- 11 interest in land, other property, or easements to be acquired under
- 12 this section. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 11(a) (part).)

### 13 <u>Source Law</u>

(a) For the purpose of carrying out Sec. 11. power authority conferred by this any or Act district shall have the right to acquire the fee simple title to land, or any other interest in land, and other property and easements (including land or any interest for reservoir and dam and therein needed easements above the probable high water line around any reservoirs) within or without the boundaries of the district, by condemnation in the manner provided by Title 52, Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, 1925, as amended, relating to eminent domain. This district is hereby declared to be a municipal corporation within the meaning of Title 52. The amount of and character of interest in land, other property and easements thus to be acquired shall be determined by the board.

### Revisor's Note

- (1) Section 11(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to any "power or authority" of the district. Throughout this chapter, the revised law omits "authority" in this context because "authority" is included in the meaning of "power."
- (2) Section 11(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that "the district shall have the right to acquire [certain property] by condemnation." The revised law substitutes for the quoted language "the district may exercise the power of eminent domain to acquire

- [certain property]" because the phrases have the same meaning and the latter phrase is consistent with modern usage in laws relating to eminent domain.
- (3) Section 11(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd
  Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to Title
  52, Revised Civil Statutes of Texas, 1925, as amended.
  That statute was codified as Chapter 21, Property
  Code. The revised law is drafted accordingly.

### 9 Revised Law

COST OF RELOCATING OR ALTERING PROPERTY; Sec. 11005.160. 10 RIGHTS-OF-WAY AND EASEMENTS. (a) If the district's exercise of its 11 eminent domain, police, or other power requires relocating, 12 raising, lowering, rerouting, or changing the grade of or altering 13 railroad, electric transmission, 14 the construction of any telegraph, or telephone line, conduit, pole, property, or facility 15 16 or pipeline, the action shall be accomplished at the sole expense of 17 the district. The term "sole expense" means the actual cost of the 18 lowering, rerouting, or change in grade or alteration of construction to provide a comparable replacement without enhancing 19 20 the facility, after deducting from the cost the net salvage value derived from the old facility. 21

(b) The district has all necessary or useful rights-of-way and easements along, over, under, and across all public, state, municipal, and county roads, highways, and places for any of its purposes. The district shall restore a used facility to its previous condition as nearly as possible at the sole expense of the district. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Secs. 11(b), (c).)

### 28 Source Law

- (b) The district is hereby given and granted all necessary or useful rights-of-way and/or easements along, over, under, and across all public, state, city, and county roads, highways, and places for any of its purposes, but the district shall restore any such facilities used to their previous condition as nearly as possible at the sole expense of the district.

  (c) In the event the district, in the exercise
- of its power of eminent domain or police power, or any other power requires the relocation, raising, lowering, rerouting, or change in grade or alteration

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construction οf railroad, the any electric lines, telegraph, telephone transmission, or poles, properties, facilities conduits, orall such relocation, raising, lowering, pipelines, rerouting, changes grade or alteration οr in construction shall be accomplished at the sole expense The term "sole expense" shall mean of the district. the actual cost of such lowering, rerouting, or change in grade or alteration of construction in providing comparable replacement without enhancement of such facilities, after deducting therefrom the net salvage value derived from the old facility.

### Revised Law

Sec. 11005.161. OTHER DISTRICT POWERS. The district has the same power as is conferred by general law on municipal utility districts or on water control and improvement districts, with reference to entering land and making surveys and attending to other business of the district. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 11(a) (part).)

### 20 Source Law

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(a) . . . The district shall have the same power as is conferred by general law upon municipal utility districts and/or upon water control and improvement districts, with reference to entering land and making surveys and attending to other business of the district.

# Revisor's Note (End of Subchapter)

(1)Section 9(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides in part that the district may contract with any person for the purchase or sale of water and for any other district purpose. The revised law omits that provision because it duplicates in substance Section 49.213(b), Water Code, which authorizes the district to enter into a contract with any person for any district purpose, and Section 49.213(c), of Water Code, part authorizes the district to enter into a contract for the purchase or sale of water. The district may enforce a contract or agreement under Section 6(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, revised in this chapter as Section 11005.151(1), and under Section 49.066, Water Code,

which provide that the district may sue and be sued.

The omitted law reads:

Sec. 9. (a) The district is authorized to enter into and enforce contracts and agreements for the purchase or sale of water, and for any other purpose relating to its powers, with any person, firm, corporation, public agency, political subdivision, the state, or from the United States or any of its agencies. . .

(2)Section 9(c), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the rights, powers, privileges, authority, and functions granted to the district are subject to supervision by the state through the Texas Water Rights Commission, subject to "the provisions of this Act, and Chapter 50, Texas Water Code." The revised law omits the provision as unnecessary. As noted by the revisor's note to 11005.152, the Section Texas Commission on Environmental Quality is the successor agency to the former Texas Water Rights Commission, and therefore the provision duplicates in substance part of Section 12.081, Water Code, which applies to the district by its own terms. The reference to Chapter 50, Water Code, is omitted because most of Chapter 50 was repealed by Chapter 715, Acts of the 74th Legislature, Regular Session, 1995, and supervision of the district under that chapter is provided only under Section 50.107, which, to the extent it may have effect, applies by its own terms. The omitted law reads:

(c) The rights, powers, privileges, authority, and functions herein granted to the district shall be subject to the continuing right of supervision of the state, to be exercised by and through the Texas Water Rights Commission, subject to the provisions of this Act, and Chapter 50, Texas Water Code.

SUBCHAPTER E. GENERAL FINANCIAL PROVISIONS

#### 40 Revised Law

Sec. 11005.201. DEPOSITORY. (a) The board shall designate

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- 1 one or more banks inside or outside the district to serve as the
- 2 depository for the district's money.
- 3 (b) District money shall be deposited in the depository
- 4 designated by the board, except that:
- 5 (1) bond proceeds and money pledged to pay bonds, to
- 6 the extent provided in a resolution or trust indenture authorizing
- 7 or securing district bonds, may be deposited with another bank or
- 8 trustee named in the bond resolution or trust indenture; and
- 9 (2) money shall be remitted to each paying agent for
- 10 the payment of principal of and interest on the bonds.
- 11 (c) To the extent that money in a depository bank or trustee
- 12 bank is not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- 13 the money must be secured in the manner provided by law for the
- 14 security of municipal money. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec.
- 15 20 (part).)

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16 <u>Source Law</u>

Sec. 20. The board shall designate one or more banks within or without the district to serve as depository for the funds of the district. All funds of the district shall be deposited in such depository bank or banks, except that bond proceeds and funds pledged to pay bonds may, to the extent provided in any resolution or trust indenture authorizing or securing bonds of the district, be deposited with any other bank or trustee named in the bond resolution or trust indenture, and except that funds shall be remitted to each paying agent for the payment of principal of and interest on the bonds. To the extent that funds in the depository banks and the trustee bank are not insured by the F.D.I.C., they shall be secured in the manner provided by law for the security of city funds. . . .

#### Revisor's Note

Section 20, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd
Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the
"F.D.I.C." The revised law substitutes a reference to
the "Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation" because
that is the full name of that entity.

#### 38 <u>Revised Law</u>

Sec. 11005.202. INVESTMENT OF DISTRICT MONEY. The board may invest district money in obligations and make time deposits of district money in the manner determined by the board or in the

- 1 manner permitted or required in a resolution or trust indenture
- 2 authorizing or securing district bonds. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch.
- 3 619, Sec. 20 (part).)

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### 4 Source Law

Sec. 20. . . . The board may invest district funds in obligations and make time deposits of district funds, in such manner as is determined by the board, or in the manner permitted or required in any resolution or trust indenture authorizing or securing bonds of the district.

#### 11 Revised Law

- 12 Sec. 11005.203. DISTRICT FACILITIES EXEMPT FROM TAXATION
- 13 AND ASSESSMENT. The district is not required to pay a tax or
- 14 assessment on its facilities or any part of its facilities. (Acts
- 15 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 22 (part).)

### 16 <u>Source Law</u>

Sec. 22. . . . The district shall not be required to pay any tax or assessment on its facilities or any part thereof, and . . .

#### <u>Revisor's Note</u> (End of Subchapter)

Section 23, Chapter 619, Acts of the Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, establishes certain procedures relating to the imposition of property taxes. The revised law omits those provisions as superseded by Title 1, Tax Code, which intended comprehensive, was as а substantive codification of all property tax law and its administration. Title 1, Tax Code, was enacted by Chapter 841, Acts of the 66th Legislature, Regular Session, 1979. Section 6(b) of that act repealed all "general, local, and special laws" that conflicted with that act. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 23. (a) The tax rolls of the city are hereby adopted and shall constitute the tax rolls of the district until assessment and tax rolls shall be made by the district.

(b) [If the district issues and delivers bonds which are payable wholly or partially from ad valorem taxes the board annually shall cause the taxable property

in the district to be rendered and assessed for ad valorem taxation, and] the value of such taxable property to be equalized, and . . . in accordance with any of the methods set forth in this section, and any method adopted shall remain in effect until changed by the board.

(1) The laws of state this applicable to general law cities and towns may be adopted and shall be used to the extent pertinent and practicable.

(2) The laws of this applicable to counties may be adopted and shall be used to the extent pertinent and practicable, provided that the board shall have the authority to act as its own board of equalization, or to appoint three resident, qualified electors of district who own taxable property therein to act as the board of equalization of the district, and in either case the board of equalization shall qualify and perform the duties prescribed by law for county commissioners courts acting as boards of equalization.

(3) The board shall authorized to have the taxable property in the district assessed, its values equalized, and/or its taxes collected, in whole or in part, by the tax assessors, board of equalization, and/or tax collectors, respectively, of any county, city, taxing district, or other governmental subdivision in which all or any part of the district is located; and such property may be assessed and the values thereof equalized on the same basis or a different basis than that used by any such governmental subdivision. Such property shall be assessed, the values thereof equalized, and such taxes collected, in the manner and for such compensation as shall be agreed upon between the appropriate parties, and the functions thus assumed by the officials of any such governmental subdivision shall be additional duties pertaining to their offices, respectively. The ad valorem tax law applicable to each such governmental subdivision shall apply to its officials in carrying out such functions for the district.

(4) It is specifically provided, however, that under any method used all taxable property within the district shall be assessed on the same basis and the values thereof shall be equalized by only one board of equalization, in an equal and uniform manner, as required by the Texas Constitution. If the board desires that taxable property shall be assessed and taxes collected by the tax assessors and/or collectors of more than one governmental subdivision, the board shall either act as its own board of equalization, or appoint three resident, qualified electors of the district who own taxable property therein to act as the board of equalization, and in either case the board of equalization shall

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qualify and perform the duties prescribed 1 2 law for county commissioners courts 3 acting as boards of equalization. (5) other Any method procedure authorized or permitted by any other statute of the state may be adopted, 5 6 7 in whole or in part, to the extent pertinent

and practicable. SUBCHAPTER F. BONDS 9

#### 10 Revised Law

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- Sec. 11005.251. AUTHORITY TO ISSUE BONDS. (a) The district 11 12 may issue bonds payable from and secured by revenue or ad valorem taxes, or both revenue and ad valorem taxes, of the district to 13 carry out any power conferred by this chapter. The bonds must be 14 authorized by a board resolution. 15
- The bonds must be issued in the manner and under the 16 17 of the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Secs. 14(a), (b) (part), (e) 18 19 (part).)

#### 20 Source Law

- Sec. 14. (a) For the purpose of carrying out any power or authority conferred by this Act, the district is empowered to issue its negotiable bonds to be payable from and secured by revenues or ad valorem taxes, or both revenues and ad valorem taxes, of the district, in the manner and under the terms and conditions provided in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds.
- (b) Such bonds shall be authorized by resolution of the board and . .
- The district is also empowered to issue bonds payable from ad valorem taxes . . . to issue bonds secured by and payable from both such taxes and revenues of the district . .

#### Revisor's Note

Section 14(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd (1)Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, authorizes the district to issue "negotiable" bonds. The revised law "negotiable" omits because Section 1201.041, Government Code, provides that a public security is a negotiable instrument. Throughout this chapter, the revised law omits law that is superseded by Chapter 1201, Government Code, or that duplicates contained in that chapter. Chapter 1201, Government Code, applies to district bonds under Sections 1201.002 and 1201.003, Government Code.

- Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, states that bonds may be issued in "more than one series and from time to time as required for carrying out the purposes of this Act." The revised law omits "more than one series" because it duplicates a provision of Section 1201.022, Government Code. The revised law omits "from time to time" because the power to issue bonds implies the power to do so at any time. The revised law omits "as required for carrying out the purposes of this Act" because Section 14(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, revised as this section, authorizes the district to issue bonds for the purposes of the act. The omitted law reads:
- 17 (c) Bonds may be issued in more than 18 one series and from time to time as required 19 for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

#### 20 Revised Law

Sec. 11005.252. FORM OF BONDS. District bonds must be:

- (1) issued in the district's name;
- 23 (2) signed by the president or vice president; and
- 24 (3) attested by the secretary. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S.,
- 25 Ch. 619, Sec. 14(b) (part).)

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#### 26 Source Law

27 (b) Such bonds . . . shall be issued in the name 28 of the district, signed by the president or 29 vice-president, attested by the secretary and . . . .

### 30 Revisor's Note

Section 14(b), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that district bonds must bear the seal of the district and authorizes facsimile "printed or lithographed" signatures and seals. The revised law omits those provisions as unnecessary. The requirement that the

bonds bear the seal of the district was impliedly repealed by Section 3, Bond Procedures Act of 1981 (Article 717k-6, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes) 1999 (revised in relevant part in as Section 1201.026(a), Government Code), which provides that bonds may be signed with or without a seal. authorization for the use of printed or lithographed signatures duplicates Section 1201.026(a), Government Code, which also provides that bonds and interest coupons may be executed with manual or facsimile signatures. The omitted law reads:

(b) [Such bonds] . . . shall bear the seal of the district. It is provided, however, that the signatures of the president, the vice-president, or the secretary or of both may be printed or lithographed on the bonds if authorized by the board and that the seal of the district may be impressed on the bonds or may be printed or lithographed thereon. . . .

#### Revised Law

Sec. 11005.253. MATURITY. District bonds must mature not later than 40 years after the date of their issuance. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 14(b) (part).)

### 25 <u>Source Law</u>

26 (b) . . . The bonds shall mature serially or 27 otherwise in not to exceed 40 years from their date and 28 . . . .

#### 29 <u>Revisor's Note</u>

Section 14(b), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that district bonds shall mature "serially or otherwise." The revised law omits the quoted language because it is superseded by Section 1201.021, Government Code (enacted as Section 3, Bond Procedures Act of 1981 (Article 717k-6, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes)), which provides that the governing body of an issuer may determine the time of payment of public securities it issues, and by Section 1201.022, Government Code

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- 1 (enacted as Section 5(a), Bond Procedures Act of 1981
- 2 (Article 717k-6, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes)),
- 3 which provides that a public security may be issued
- 4 with specified characteristics, on specified terms, or
- 5 in a specified manner.

#### 6 Revised Law

- 7 Sec. 11005.254. ELECTION FOR BONDS PAYABLE FROM AD VALOREM
- 8 TAXES. (a) Bonds, other than refunding bonds, payable wholly or
- 9 partly from ad valorem taxes may not be issued unless authorized by
- 10 a majority of the district voters voting at an election held for
- 11 that purpose.
- 12 (b) The board may call an election under this section
- 13 without a petition. The resolution calling the election must
- 14 specify:
- 15 (1) the time and place at which the election will be
- 16 held;
- 17 (2) the purpose for which the bonds will be issued;
- 18 (3) the amount of the bonds;
- 19 (4) the form of the ballot; and
- 20 (5) other matters the board considers necessary or
- 21 advisable.
- (c) Notice of the election must be given by publishing a
- 23 substantial copy of the resolution calling the election in a
- 24 newspaper of general circulation in the district. The notice must
- 25 be published once each week for two consecutive weeks. The first
- 26 publication must be not later than the 14th day before the date of
- 27 the election.
- 28 (d) The district may issue bonds not payable wholly or
- 29 partly from ad valorem taxes without an election. (Acts 63rd Leg.,
- 30 R.S., Ch. 619, Secs. 17(a) (part), (b).)

#### 31 Source Law

- 32 Sec. 17. (a) No bonds payable wholly or
- partially from ad valorem taxes (except refunding
- bonds) shall be issued unless authorized at an
- election at which only the qualified electors who reside in the district and who own taxable property

therein and who have duly rendered the same for taxation are allowed to vote and unless a majority of the votes cast is in favor of the issuance of the bonds. . . Bonds not payable wholly or partially from ad valorem taxes may be issued without an election.

(b) Such elections may be called by the board without a petition. The resolution calling the election shall specify the time and place or places of holding the same, the purpose for which the bonds are to be issued, the amount thereof, the form of the ballot, and such other matters as are deemed necessary or advisable by the board. Notice of the election shall be given by publishing a substantial copy of the resolution calling the election in a newspaper having general circulation in the district, once each week for two consecutive weeks, with the first publication to be at least 14 days prior to the election.

#### Revisor's Note

- Section 17(a), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd (1)Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the district may not issue bonds payable from ad valorem taxes unless authorized by a majority of qualified electors who reside in the district and who taxable property therein and who have rendered the same for taxation." The revised law omits the reference to "qualified electors who reside in the district" for the reason stated in Revisor's Note (7) to Section 11005.053. The revised law also omits the reference to voting by persons who own taxable property and render that property for taxation because in Hill v. Stone, 421 U.S. 289 (1975), the United States Court determined Supreme that property qualification for voting is ownership as a unconstitutional denial of equal protection.
- (2) Section 17(c), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the board shall receive and canvass election returns. The revised law omits that provision for the reason stated in Revisor's Note (8) to Section 11005.053. The omitted law reads:
  - (c) The returns of the election shall be made to and canvassed by the board.

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Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the Election Code and general laws relating to elections apply to an election under that section except as otherwise provided by that section. The revised law omits the reference to the Election Code because Section 1.002, Election Code, provides that the Election Code applies to all elections held in this state. An exception to the application of the Election Code would apply by its own terms. The revised law omits the reference to general laws relating to elections because any other general law applicable to district elections would apply by its own terms. The omitted law reads:

(d) The Texas Election Code and general laws relating to elections shall be applicable to elections held under this Section, except as otherwise provided herein.

#### Revised Law

- Sec. 11005.255. BONDS SECURED BY REVENUE; ADDITIONAL BONDS.
- 22 (a) District bonds issued may be secured by a pledge of all or part
- 23 of the district's revenue, or by all or part of the revenue of one or
- 24 more contracts previously or subsequently made or other revenue or
- 25 income specified by board resolution or a trust indenture securing
- 26 the bonds. The pledge may reserve the right, under conditions
- 27 specified by the pledge, to issue additional bonds that will be on a
- 28 parity with or subordinate to the bonds then being issued.
- 29 (b) The district may issue bonds secured by both taxes and
- 30 revenue of the district described by Subsection (a). (Acts 63rd
- 31 Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Secs. 14(d), (e) (part).)

#### Source Law

33 (d) The bonds may be secured by a pledge of all 34 or any part of the revenues of the district, or by all any part of the revenues of any one or more 35 contracts theretofore or thereafter made or other 36 revenues or income specified by resolution of the 37 board or in any trust indenture securing the bonds. 38 pledge 39 such may reserve the right, Any

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conditions therein specified, to issue additional bonds which will be on a parity with or subordinate to

the bonds then being issued.

(e) The district is also empowered to ... issue bonds secured by and [payable from] both such taxes and revenues of the district described in (d),

#### 8 Revised Law

9 Sec. 11005.256. BONDS PAYABLE FROM AD VALOREM TAXES. (a)

10 If bonds are issued payable wholly or partly from ad valorem taxes,

the board shall annually impose a tax on the taxable property in the 11

12 district in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and

13 interest on the bonds when due.

14 The district may adopt the rate of a tax imposed under 15 Subsection (a) for any year after giving consideration to the money received from the pledged revenue that may be available for payment 16 17 of principal and interest, to the extent and in the manner permitted by the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds. (Acts 63rd 18

Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Secs. 14(e) (part), 23(b) (part).)

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(e) [The district is also empowered to issue bonds payable from ad valorem taxes] to be levied on Where bonds all taxable property therein, or . . . are issued payable wholly or partially from ad valorem taxes, it shall be the duty of the board to levy a tax sufficient to pay the principal of and the interest on such bonds when due, but the rate of the tax for any year may be fixed after giving consideration to the money received from the pledged revenues which may be available for payment of principal and interest, to the extent and in the manner permitted by the resolution authorizing the issuance of the bonds.

Source Law

[Sec. 23]

(b) If the district issues and delivers bonds which are payable wholly or partially from ad valorem taxes the board annually shall cause the property in the district to be rendered and assessed for ad valorem taxation, and . . . the ad valorem taxes in the district to be collected, . . . .

#### Revisor's Note

Section 14(e), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the rate of the property tax for any year may be "fixed" by The revised law substitutes "adopt" for the board. "fixed" to conform to the terminology used in Section 1 26.05, Tax Code.

2 Revised Law

- 3 Sec. 11005.257. ADDITIONAL SECURITY. (a) District bonds,
- 4 including refunding bonds, that are not payable wholly from ad
- 5 valorem taxes may be additionally secured, at the discretion of the
- 6 board, by a deed of trust or mortgage lien on physical property of
- 7 the district and all franchises, easements, water rights and
- 8 appropriation permits, leases, and contracts and all rights
- 9 appurtenant to the property, vesting in the trustee power to:
- 10 (1) sell the property for the payment of the debt;
- 11 (2) operate the property; and
- 12 (3) take other action to further secure the bonds.
- 13 (b) A purchaser under a sale under the deed of trust lien, if
- 14 one is given:
- 15 (1) is the absolute owner of property, facilities, and
- 16 rights purchased; and
- 17 (2) is entitled to maintain and operate the property,
- 18 facilities, and rights. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 16
- 19 (part).)

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20 Source Law

Sec. 16. Any bonds (including refunding bonds) authorized by this law, not payable wholly from ad valorem taxes, .... Such bonds, within the discretion of the board, may be additionally secured by a deed of trust or mortgage lien upon physical properties of the all district and franchises, easements, water rights and appropriation permits, leases and contracts and all rights appurtenant to such properties, vesting in the trustee power to sell the properties for the payment of indebtedness, power operate the properties and all other powers and authority for the further security of the bonds. . . . The purchaser at a sale under the deed of trust lien where one is given, shall be the absolute owner of properties, facilities, and rights so purchased and shall have the right to maintain and operate the same.

#### 37 <u>Revised Law</u>

- 38 Sec. 11005.258. TRUST INDENTURE. (a) District bonds,
- 39 including refunding bonds, that are not payable wholly from ad
- 40 valorem taxes may be additionally secured by a trust indenture. The
- 41 trustee may be a bank with trust powers located inside or outside

- 1 the state.
- 2 (b) A trust indenture, regardless of the existence of a deed
- 3 of trust or mortgage lien on property, may:
- 4 (1) provide for the security of the bonds and the
- 5 preservation of the trust estate as prescribed by the board;
- 6 (2) provide for amendment or modification of the trust
- 7 indenture;

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- 8 (3) provide for the issuance of bonds to replace lost
- 9 or mutilated bonds;
- 10 (4) condition the right to spend district money or
- 11 sell district property on the approval of a licensed engineer
- 12 selected as provided by the trust indenture; and
- 13 (5) provide for the investment of district money.
- 14 (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 16 (part).)

#### 15 <u>Source Law</u>

Sec. 16. Any bonds (including refunding bonds) authorized by this law, not payable wholly from ad valorem taxes, may be additionally secured by a trust indenture under which the trustee may be a bank having trust powers situated either within or outside of the Such trust indenture, regardless of the existence of the deed of trust or mortgage lien on the properties may contain any provisions prescribed by the board for the security of the bonds and the preservation of estate, the trust and mav provision for amendment or modification thereof and the issuance of bonds to replace lost or mutilated bonds, and may condition the right to expend district money or sell district property upon approval of a registered professional engineer selected as provided therein, and may make provision for the investment of funds of the district. . . .

#### Revisor's Note

Section 16, Chapter 619, Acts 34 of the 63rd 35 Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to a "registered professional engineer." The revised law 36 the 37 substitutes "licensed engineer" for quoted 38 language because under Chapter 1001, Occupations Code, engineers are licensed, not registered. 39

#### Revised Law

Sec. 11005.259. RATES FOR SERVICES; PAYMENT OF REVENUE

42 BONDS. (a) If district bonds payable wholly from revenue are

- 1 issued, the board shall set the rates of compensation for water sold
- 2 and services provided by the district. The rates must be sufficient
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- 4 (1) pay the expense of operating and maintaining
- 5 district facilities;
- 6 (2) pay the principal of and interest on the bonds when
- 7 due; and
- 8 (3) maintain the reserve fund and other funds as
- 9 provided in the resolution authorizing the bonds.
- 10 (b) If bonds payable partly from revenue are issued, the
- 11 board shall set the rate of compensation for water sold and any
- 12 other services provided by the district. The rate must be
- 13 sufficient to ensure compliance with the resolution authorizing the
- 14 bonds or the trust indenture securing the bonds. (Acts 63rd Leg.,
- 15 R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 14(f).)

#### 16 Source Law

(f) Where bonds payable wholly from revenues are issued, it shall be the duty of the board to fix, and from time to time to revise, the rates of compensation  $\frac{1}{2}$ for water sold and services rendered by the district will be sufficient to pay the expense which operating and maintaining the facilities of district and to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds when due, and to maintain the reserve and other funds as provided in the resolution authorizing the bonds. Where bonds payable partially from revenues are issued it shall be the duty of the board to fix, and from time to time revise, the rate of compensation for water sold, and any other services rendered by the district, which will be sufficient to assure compliance with the resolution authorizing the bonds or the trust indenture securing such bonds.

#### Revisor's Note

- (1) Section 14(f), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the board shall "fix" the rates the district charges for water sold and services provided by the district. The revised law substitutes "set" for "fix" for the reason stated in Revisor's Note (4) to Section 11005.053.
- (2) Section 14(f), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the

board shall fix "from time to time" and "revise" the rates the district charges for water sold and services provided by the district. The revised law omits the quoted language because the duty to set the rates includes the duty to revise them from time to time.

#### 6 Revised Law

7 Sec. 11005.260. USE OF BOND PROCEEDS. (a) The district may 8 set aside an amount of proceeds from the sale of district bonds for:

- 9 (1) the payment of interest expected to accrue during 10 construction not to exceed three years;
- 11 (2) a reserve interest and sinking fund; and
- 12 (3) other funds as may be provided in the resolution 13 authorizing the bonds or in the trust indenture.
- (b) The district may use proceeds from the sale of the bonds to pay any expense necessarily incurred in accomplishing the purpose of the district, including any expense of issuing and selling the bonds. (Acts 63rd Leq., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 14(q).)

#### 18 <u>Source Law</u>

(g) From the proceeds from the sale bonds, the district may set aside an amount payment of interest expected to 19 of the 20 21 during construction not to exceed three years, a reserve 22 23 interest and sinking fund and such other funds as may 24 be provided in the resolution authorizing the bonds or 25 in the trust indenture. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds may also be used for the payment of all expenses 26 27 necessarily incurred in accomplishing the purpose for which this district is created, including expenses of 28 29 issuing and selling the bonds.

#### 30 Revised Law

- Sec. 11005.261. APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVER. (a) On default or threatened default in the payment of the principal of or interest on district bonds that are payable wholly or partly from revenue, a court may, on petition of the holders of outstanding bonds, appoint a receiver for the district.
- 36 (b) The receiver may collect and receive all district 37 income, except taxes, employ and discharge district agents and 38 employees, take charge of money on hand, except money received from 39 taxes, unless commingled, and manage the proprietary affairs of the

- 1 district without consent or hindrance by the board.
- 2 (c) The receiver may be authorized to sell or contract for
- 3 the sale of water or to renew those contracts with the approval of
- 4 the court that appointed the receiver.
- 5 (d) The court may vest the receiver with any other power or
- 6 duty the court finds necessary to protect the bondholders. (Acts
- 7 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 14(h) (part).)

## 8 Source Law

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In the event of a default or a threatened (h) default in the payment of principal of or interest on bonds payable wholly or partially from revenues, any court of competent jurisdiction may, upon petition of the holders of outstanding bonds, appoint a receiver with authority to collect and receive all income of the district, except taxes, employ and discharge agents and employees of the district, take charge of funds on hand (except funds received from taxes, unless (except commingled) and manage the proprietary affairs of the district without consent or hindrance by the board. Such receiver may also be authorized to sell or make contracts for the sale of water or renew such contracts with the approval of the court appointing him. court may vest the receiver with such other powers and duties as the court may find necessary protection of the holders of the bonds. . .

#### Revisor's Note

Section 14(h), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to a court "of competent jurisdiction." The revised law omits the quoted language because the general laws of civil jurisdiction determine which courts have "competent jurisdiction" over a matter. For example, see Section 24.003, Government Code, for the jurisdiction of certain district courts to appoint receivers.

#### 35 Revised Law

- Sec. 11005.262. REFUNDING BONDS. (a) The district may issue refunding bonds to refund outstanding district bonds and interest on those bonds.
- 39 (b) Refunding bonds may:
- 40 (1) be issued to refund bonds of more than one series;
- 41 (2) combine the pledges for the outstanding bonds for
- 42 the security of the refunding bonds; or

- 1 (3) be secured by a pledge of other or additional
- 2 revenue or mortgage liens.
- 3 (c) The provisions of this subchapter regarding the
- 4 issuance of other bonds, their security, and the remedies of the
- 5 holders apply to refunding bonds.
- 6 (d) The comptroller shall register the refunding bonds on
- 7 surrender and cancellation of the bonds to be refunded.
- 8 (e) Instead of issuing bonds to be registered on the
- 9 surrender and cancellation of the bonds to be refunded, the
- 10 district, in the resolution authorizing the issuance of the
- 11 refunding bonds, may provide for the sale of the refunding bonds and
- 12 the deposit of the proceeds in a bank at which the bonds to be
- 13 refunded are payable. In that case, the refunding bonds may be
- 14 issued in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest
- 15 and any required redemption premium on the bonds to be refunded to
- 16 any redemption date or to their maturity date, and the comptroller
- 17 shall register the refunding bonds without the surrender and
- 18 cancellation of the bonds to be refunded.
- 19 (f) An election is not required to authorize the issuance of
- 20 refunding bonds.

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- 21 (g) The district may also issue refunding bonds under any
- 22 other applicable law. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 15.)

### 23 Source Law

The district is authorized to issue Sec. 15. refunding bonds for the purpose of refunding any outstanding bonds authorized by this Act and interest thereon. Such refunding bonds may be issued to refund more than one series of outstanding bonds and combine the pledges for the outstanding bonds for the security of the refunding bonds, and may be secured by other or additional revenues and mortgage liens. provisions of this Act with reference to the issuance by the district of other bonds, their security, and approval by the attorney general and bе of the holders applicable shall Refunding bonds shall be registered refunding bonds. by the comptroller upon surrender and cancellation of the bonds to be refunded, but in lieu thereof, resolution authorizing their issuance may provide that they shall be sold and the proceeds thereof deposited in the bank where the original bonds are payable, in which case the refunding bonds may be issued in an amount sufficient to pay all principal coming due, all interest and any required redemption accruing,

premium, on the bonds being refunded to or through any date upon which they are subject to redemption prior to maturity, or through or at their maturity date or respectively, dates, and the comptroller shall without register them concurrent surrender cancellation of the original bonds. Such refunding bonds may be issued without having been authorized at an election. Refunding bonds also may be issued by the district pursuant to any other applicable law.

#### Revisor's Note

Section 15, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, refers to the "approval by the attorney general" of refunding bonds. The revised law omits the quoted language because it is superseded by Section 1202.003, Government Code, enacted in 1987 as Section 3.002(a), Chapter 53, Acts of the 70th Legislature, 2nd Called Session (Article 717k-8, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). Throughout this chapter, the revised law omits law that is superseded by Chapter 1202, Government Code, or that duplicates law contained in that chapter. Chapter 1202, Government Code, applies to district bonds under Sections 1202.001 and 1202.003(c), Government Code.

#### Revised Law

Sec. 11005.263. LIMITATION ON RIGHTS OF BONDHOLDERS. The resolution authorizing the bonds or the trust indenture securing the bonds may limit or qualify the rights of the holders of less than all of the outstanding bonds payable from the same source to institute or prosecute litigation affecting the district's property or income. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 14(h) (part).)

#### Source Law

33 (h) . . . The resolution authorizing the 34 issuance of the bonds, or the trust indenture securing 35 them, may limit or qualify the rights of the holders of 36 less than all of the outstanding bonds payable from the 37 same source to institute or prosecute litigation 38 affecting the district's property or income.

#### Revised Law

Sec. 11005.264. BONDS EXEMPT FROM TAXATION. A district 41 bond, the transfer of the bond, and the income from the bond,

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- 1 including profits made on the sale of the bond, are exempt from  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right)$
- 2 taxation in this state. (Acts 63rd Leg., R.S., Ch. 619, Sec. 22
- 3 (part).)

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4 Source Law

Sec. 22. . . . the bonds issued thereunder and their transfer and the income therefrom, including the profits made on the sale thereof, shall at all times be free from taxation within this state.

## Revisor's Note (End of Subchapter)

- (1) Section 14(b), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that district bonds may be sold "at a price and under terms determined by the board to be the most advantageous reasonably obtainable." The revised law omits the quoted language because it is superseded by Section 1201.022, Government Code, which provides that an issuer may sell public securities "under the terms determined by the governing body of the issuer to be in the issuer's best interests." The omitted law reads:
  - (b) . . . [The bonds] . . . may be sold at a price and under terms determined by the board to be the most advantageous reasonably obtainable, . . .
- Section 14(b), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd (2) Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that district bonds may bear interest at a rate not to exceed 10 percent. The revised law omits that provision because it is superseded by other Section 14(b) was enacted in 1973 and was impliedly amended by the subsequent amendment of Chapter 3, Acts of the 61st Legislature, Regular Session, (Article 717k-2, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes). maximum interest rate noted in Chapter 3 was revised in 1999 as Section 1204.006, Government Code. Section 1204.006 permits a public agency to issue public securities at any net effective interest rate of 15

- percent or less. Section 1204.006, Government Code, applies to district bonds by application of Sections 1204.001 and 1204.002, Government Code. The omitted law reads:
  - (b) . . . [The bonds] . . . [may be sold] . . . provided that the interest cost to the district, including the discount, if any, does not exceed ten percent per annum, and . . . .
  - (3) Section 14(b), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that district bonds may be redeemed before maturity at the time and price specified in the bonds. The revised law omits that provision because it duplicates Sections 1201.021 and 1201.022, Government Code, which provide that a public security may be redeemed before maturity and be payable in specified amounts and at specified times. The omitted law reads:
    - (b) . . . [The bonds] . . . within the discretion of the board may be made callable prior to maturity at such times and prices as may be prescribed in the bonds, and . . .
  - (4) Section 14(b), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that district bonds may be made registrable as to principal or as to principal and interest. The revised law omits that provision because it duplicates Section 1201.024(a)(3), Government Code. The omitted law reads:
    - (b) . . . [The bonds] . . . may be made registerable as to principal or as to both principal and interest.
  - (5) Section 17(e), Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, requires the district to secure approval from the Texas Water Rights Commission (now the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, as noted in the revisor's note to Section 11005.152) before issuing bonds for

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improvements, as provided by Section 51.421, Water Code. Chapter 715, Acts of the 74th Legislature, Regular Session, 1995, repealed Section 51.421, Water Code, and enacted Section 49.181, Water Code, to govern the authority of the commission over the issuance of district bonds. A reference to Section 49.181, Water Code, is unnecessary because that section applies to the district under Sections 49.001 and 49.002, Water Code, without an express reference to that section in this chapter. The omitted law reads:

- (e) That provided that before the district shall issue any bonds for such improvements, it shall secure prior approval from the Texas Water Rights Commission as provided by Section 51.421, Texas Water Code.
- (6) Section 18, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, requires the district to deliver its bonds to the attorney general for examination and approval. The revised law omits that provision because it duplicates in substance Section 1202.003, Government Code. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 18. After any bonds (including refunding bonds) are authorized by the district, such bonds and the proceedings relating to their issuance shall submitted to the attorney general of Texas for his examination as to the validity thereof. . . If he finds that such bonds have been authorized and accordance with the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas he shall approve the bonds and . .

(7) Section 18, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that after approval the bonds shall be registered with the comptroller. The revised law omits that provision because it duplicates in substance Section 1202.005, Government Code. The omitted law reads:

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- Sec. 18. . . . [he shall approve the bonds and] . . . the bonds then shall be registered by the Comptroller of Public Accounts. . .
- (8) Section 18, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that after approval and registration, district bonds shall be incontestable and binding obligations. The revised law omits that provision because it duplicates in substance Section 1202.006, Government Code, which provides that after approval and registration, bonds are incontestable for any reason. The omitted law reads:
  - Sec. 18. . . . Thereafter the bonds, and . . . shall be valid and binding obligations in accordance with their terms for all purposes, and shall be incontestable in any court, or other forum, for any reason.
  - Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, details various procedures regarding approval of bond contracts and proceedings by the attorney general. The revised law omits the portion of Section 18 regarding the validity and incontestability of a contract the revenue or proceeds of which are pledged to the payment of a bond because it duplicates in substance Section 1202.006, Government Code, which provides that after approval and registration of the bond, the bond and contract are incontestable for any reason. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 18. . . . If such bonds recite that they are secured by a pledge of the revenues or proceeds of a contract theretofore made between the district and any city, or other public agency or political subdivision, or other entity, a copy of such contract and the proceedings of the city or other public agency or political subdivision, or other entity, authorizing such contract also shall be submitted to the attorney general. [If he finds that] . such contracts have been made accordance with the Constitution and laws of the State of Texas he shall approve] contracts, such and [Thereafter] . . . the contracts, if any,

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[shall be valid and binding obligations in accordance with their terms for all purposes, and shall be incontestable in any court, or other forum, for any reason.]

Section 21, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, lists the entities for which district bonds are legal investments and provides that district bonds may secure deposits of public funds of the state or political subdivisions. The revised law omits the provision relating to the eligibility of district bonds to be considered as investments for various entities because it duplicates Section 49.186(a), Water Code. While Section 21 lists "guardians" and Section 49.186(a), Water Code, does not, the latter statute includes "fiduciaries," and a quardian is a fiduciary. The revised law omits the provision relating to securing deposits of state funds as impliedly repealed by Section 404.0221, Government 1995), Code (enacted in which lists collateral for deposits of state funds by comptroller, and by Section 404.031, Government Code (enacted in 1985 as Section 3.001, Article 4393-1, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), which provides for the valuation of that collateral. As to securing deposits of other funds, the provision is impliedly repealed by Chapter 2257, Government Code (enacted in 1989 as Article 2529d, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes), which governs eligible collateral for deposits of funds of agencies, certain public including political subdivisions, and permits those deposits to be secured by obligations issued by conservation and reclamation districts. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 21. All bonds of the district shall be and are hereby declared to be legal and authorized investments for banks, savings banks, trust companies, building and loan associations, insurance companies, fiduciaries, trustees, guardians, and for the sinking fund of cities, towns,

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villages, counties, school districts, political corporations subdivisions of the State of Texas. Such bonds shall be eligible to secure deposit of any and all public funds of the State of Texas, and any and all public funds towns, cities, villages, districts, other political school οr corporations or subdivisions of the State of Texas; and such bonds shall be lawful and sufficient security for said deposits to the extent of their value, when accompanied bу all unmatured coupons appurtenant thereto.

# Revisor's Note (End of Chapter)

(1) Section 24, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides in part that the act is sufficient authority for the issuance of bonds, the execution of contracts and conveyances, and the performance of other authorized acts by the district, the city of Muenster, and all other public agencies and political subdivisions, without reference to any other law or any restrictions or limitations contained in another law, except as specifically provided by the act, and that in case of certain conflicts between the act and any other law, the act prevails.

The revised law omits the statement that the act is sufficient authority for the performance of acts authorized by the act because it is unnecessary. The operative provisions of the act are fully effective on their own terms.

The revised law omits the statement that other laws or restrictions or limitations contained in those laws do not apply and that in case of certain conflicts between the act and other law the act prevails because it is both unnecessary and potentially misleading. An accepted general principle of statutory construction requires a statute to be given cumulative effect with other statutes unless it provides otherwise or unless

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the statutes are in conflict. To the extent the statement means the act prevails over other law in existence at the time the act became effective and with which the act conflicts, it merely restates general rules of statutory construction. To the extent the means the statement act prevails over enactments of the legislature that may conflict with it, it is misleading. It is a fundamental principle of statutory construction that one session of legislature may not bind a future session of the legislature. In addition, Section 311.026, Government Code (Code Construction Act), governs interpretation of the revised law in instances of apparent conflict with other laws.

Finally, codification of the statement is potentially misleading because the revised law not only omits provisions of the act that are impliedly repealed by other law, it also omits provisions that are duplicative of other law. Codification of the statement might create an impression that the provisions of other law that duplicate the omitted provisions do not apply.

Section 24 also provides that the district, the city of Muenster, and all other public agencies and political subdivisions may use the provisions of other laws that do not conflict with the act to carry out any power granted by the act. The revised law omits that provision as unnecessary. The operative provisions of other applicable laws are fully effective on their own terms. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 24. This Act shall be wholly sufficient authority within itself for the issuance of the bonds, the execution contracts, conveyances, and and the the performance of other acts and herein authorized procedures bу the district, the City of Muenster, and all

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public political other agencies and subdivisions, without reference to other law restrictions or any limitations contained therein, except as herein specifically provided; and when any bonds are being issued or other action taken under this Act, then to the extent of any conflict inconsistency or between provisions of this Act and any provisions of any other law, the provisions of this Act shall prevail and control; provided, however, that the district, the City of Muenster, and all other public agencies and political subdivisions, shall have the right to use the provisions of any other laws, not in conflict with the provisions hereof, to the convenient extent necessary to carry out any power or authority, express or implied, granted by this Act.

(2) Section 25, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that the act is severable. The revised law omits that provision because the same result is produced by application of Section 311.032, Government Code (Code Construction Act), which provides that a provision of a statute is severable from each other provision of the statute that can be given effect. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 25. In case any one or more of the sections, provisions, clauses, or words of this Act, or the application thereof to any situation or circumstance, shall for reason be held to be invalid unconstitutional, invalidity such unconstitutionality shall not affect any other sections, provisions, clauses, words of this Act, or the applica application thereof to any other situation or circumstance, and it is intended that this other shall be severable and shall construed and applied as if any such invalid or unconstitutional section, provision, word had not been included clause, or herein.

(3) Section 26, Chapter 619, Acts of the 63rd Legislature, Regular Session, 1973, provides that proof of publication of the constitutionally required notice has been made. The revised law omits that provision as executed. The omitted law reads:

Sec. 26. Proof of publication of the constitutional notice required in the enactment hereof under the provisions of Article XVI, Section 59(d), of the Texas

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| 1 | Constitution, has been made in the manner   |
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| 2 | provided therein and a copy of said notice  |
| 3 | and the bill as originally introduced have  |
| 4 | been delivered to the Governor of the State |
| 5 | of Texas as required in such constitutional |
| 6 | provision, and such notice and delivery are |
| 7 | hereby found and declared to be proper and  |
| 8 | sufficient to satisfy such requirements.    |